

Physics 2305
Quiz 5—Form A

7 February, 2000

1. The Amazing Amos drives his motorcycle through a looped track of radius 8.5 m. How fast does Amos have to go to maintain contact with the track at the top of the loop?

- A) 9.1 m/s
- B) 18 m/s
- C) 83 m/s
- D) You must know his mass.

2. If the coefficient of friction between your tires and the icy road is only 0.15, how fast can you execute a turn with radius of curvature = 20 m?

- A) 3.8 m/s (9 mi/h)
- B) 5.4 m/s (12 mi/h)
- C) 14 m/s (31 mi/h)
- D) 29 m/s (66 mi/h)

Useful constants and equations:

$$\Sigma \mathbf{F} = m \mathbf{a}$$

$$T = 2 \pi r / v$$

$$g = 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$F_g = m g$$

$$f = \mu N$$

$$a_r = v^2 / r$$

Physics 2305
Quiz 5—Form B

7 February, 2000

Granny Smith rounds the corner at 22 miles per hour (10 m/s). The radius of curvature is 15 m.

1. What is the minimum coefficient of friction between her dashboard and her box of tissues needed to keep the tissues from sliding?

- A) 0.07
- B) 0.52
- C) 0.68
- D) 0.87

2. What angle does her little tree-shaped air freshener hanging from the rear-view mirror make with respect to the vertical?

- A) 4°
- B) 27°
- C) 34°
- D) 41°

Useful constants and equations:

$$\begin{aligned}\Sigma \mathbf{F} &= m \mathbf{a} \\ T &= 2 \pi r / v \\ g &= 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}F_g &= m g \\ f &= \mu N \\ a_r &= v^2 / r\end{aligned}$$

Physics 2305
Quiz 5—Form C

7 February, 2000

1. You are pushing a 10.0 kg box against the wall, and the coefficient of static friction between the two is 0.75. What's the minimum force you must apply to keep the box from slipping downward?

- A) 74 N
- B) 98 N
- C) 130 N
- D) 200 N

2. A penny spins on a turntable at a distance of 0.12 m from the hub. If the coefficient of static friction between the penny and the turntable is 0.60, how fast can the penny move without slipping?

- A) 0.71 m/s
- B) 0.84 m/s
- C) 1.1 m/s
- D) 1.4 m/s

Useful constants and equations:

$$\Sigma \mathbf{F} = m \mathbf{a}$$

$$T = 2 \pi r / v$$

$$g = 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$F_g = m g$$

$$f = \mu N$$

$$a_r = v^2 / r$$