

**Physics 2305**  
**Quiz 2—Form A**

28 January, 2000

1. A coin of mass 15 g tied to a string moves (uniformly) in a complete circle of radius 1.0 m every 1.0 second. Its radial acceleration is:

- A)  $1.0 \text{ m/s}^2$
- B)  $5.9 \text{ m/s}^2$
- C)  $6.3 \text{ m/s}^2$
- D)  $39 \text{ m/s}^2$

2. A car travelling at a speed of 75.0 miles per hour is moving how many meters per second?

- A) 13.0
- B) 33.5
- C) 75.0
- D) 121

Useful constants and equations:

$$x = (1/2) a t^2 + v_o t + x_o$$

$$v = v_o + a t$$

$$v^2 = v_o^2 + 2 a (x - x_o)$$

$$g = 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$a_r = v^2 / r$$

$$T = 2 \pi r / v$$

$$\Sigma \mathbf{F} = m \mathbf{a}$$

$$1 \text{ mile} = 1.608 \text{ km}$$

**Physics 2305**  
**Quiz 2—Form B**

28 January, 2000

1. A satellite in low-earth orbit experiences a centripetal acceleration close to  $g$ . If it's in a circular orbit of radius 6500 km, what is its orbital velocity?

- A) 2.5 km/s
- B) 8.0 km/s
- C) 25 km/s
- D) 64 km/s

2. The speed of light is  $3.00 \times 10^8$  m/s. What is it in km/h?

- A)  $1.86 \times 10^5$
- B)  $3.00 \times 10^5$
- C)  $3.00 \times 10^8$
- D)  $1.08 \times 10^9$

Useful constants and equations:

$$x = (1/2) a t^2 + v_o t + x_o$$

$$v = v_o + a t$$

$$v^2 = v_o^2 + 2 a (x - x_o)$$

$$g = 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$a_r = v^2 / r$$

$$T = 2 \pi r / v$$

$$\Sigma \mathbf{F} = m \mathbf{a}$$

$$1 \text{ mile} = 1.608 \text{ km}$$

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**Quiz 2—Form C**

28 January, 2000

1. Which of the following could not be correct?

- A)  $a = t/v^2$
- B)  $v = (gr)^{1/2}$
- C)  $t = \Delta x/v_o$
- D)  $y = v^2/g$

2. The speed of light is  $3.0 \times 10^8$  m/s. One furlong is 220 yards (or 201 m). A fortnight is 2 weeks. What is the speed of light in furlongs per fortnight?

- A) 1.2
- B)  $1.8 \times 10^{12}$
- C)  $3.6 \times 10^{14}$
- D)  $7.3 \times 10^{16}$

Useful constants and equations:

$$\begin{aligned}x &= (1/2) a t^2 + v_o t + x_o \\v &= v_o + a t \\v^2 &= v_o^2 + 2 a (x - x_o) \\g &= 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}a_r &= v^2/r \\T &= 2 \pi r / v \\\Sigma \mathbf{F} &= m \mathbf{a} \\1 \text{ mile} &= 1.608 \text{ km}\end{aligned}$$